Features
- Usable up to 26 GHz
- Low Insertion Loss
- High Isolation
- Low Parasitic Capacitance and Inductance
- RoHS Compliant Surmount Package
- Rugged, Fully Monolithic
- Glass Encapsulated Construction
- Up to +38 dBm CW Power Handling @ +25°C
- Silicon Nitride Passivation
- Polymer Scratch Protection
- Solderable

Description
The MASW-002103-1363 is a SPDT, surmount, broadband, monolithic switch using two sets of series and shunt connected PIN diodes. This device is designed for use in broadband, low to moderate signal, high performance, switch applications up to 20 GHz. It is a surface mountable switch configured for optimized performance and offers a distinct advantage over MMIC, beamlead and chip and wire hybrid designs. Because the PIN diodes of the MASW-002103-1363 are integrated into the chip and kept within close proximity, the parasitics typically associated with other designs that use individual components are kept to a minimum.

To minimize the parasitics and achieve high performance the MASW-002103-1363 is fabricated using MACOM's HMIC (Heterolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit) process. This process allows the silicon pedestals, which form the series and shunt diodes or vias, to be imbeded in low loss, low dispersion glass. The combination of low loss glass and using tight spacing between elements results in an HMIC device with low loss and high isolation through low millimeter wave frequencies.

The topside is fully encapsulated with silicon nitride and also has an additional layer of polymer for scratch and impact protection. The protective coating guards against damage to the junction and the anode airbridges during handling and assembly.

On the backside of the chip gold metalized pads have been added to produce a solderable surmount device.

Pin Configuration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J1</td>
<td>RFC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J2</td>
<td>RF1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J3</td>
<td>RF2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Package</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MASW-002103-13630G</td>
<td>50 piece gel pack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MASW-002103-13635P</td>
<td>500 piece reel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MASW-002103-13630P</td>
<td>3000 piece reel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MASW-002103-001SMB</td>
<td>Sample Test Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MASW-002103-002SMB</td>
<td>Demo Board</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Electrical Specifications: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $P_{IN} = 0$ dBm, $Z_0 = 50 \, \Omega$, 20 mA/-10 V

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insertion Loss</td>
<td>6 GHz</td>
<td>dB</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>0.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13 GHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20 GHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.05</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input to Output Isolation</td>
<td>6 GHz</td>
<td>dB</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13 GHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>28</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20 GHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>23</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Loss</td>
<td>6 GHz</td>
<td>dB</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13 GHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>17.3</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20 GHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>16.5</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input 0.1dB Compression Point</td>
<td>2 GHz</td>
<td>dBm</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIP3</td>
<td>0.05 GHz, 5 MHz Spacing, 10 dBm</td>
<td>dBm</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.5 GHz, 5 MHz Spacing, 20 dBm</td>
<td></td>
<td>59</td>
<td></td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 GHz, 10 MHz Spacing, 20 dBm</td>
<td></td>
<td>63</td>
<td></td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 GHz, 10 MHz Spacing, 20 dBm</td>
<td></td>
<td>66</td>
<td></td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switching Speed$^1$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage Rating$^2$</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>V</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Typical Switching Speed measured from 10% to 90% of detected RF signal driven by TTL compatible drivers.
2. Maximum reverse leakage current in either the shunt or series PIN diodes shall be 0.5 µA maximum @ -80 volts.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings$^{3,4,5}$

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Absolute Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RF CW Incident Power</td>
<td>38 dBm CW @ 2 GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>33 dBm CW @ 20 GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Reverse Voltage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bias Current</td>
<td>± 50 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction Temperature$^7,8$</td>
<td>+175°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature</td>
<td>-65°C to +125°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>-65°C to +150°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Exceeding any one or combination of these limits may cause permanent damage to this device.
4. MACOM does not recommend sustained operation near these survivability limits.
5. Maximum operating conditions for a combination of RF power, DC bias and temperature: +33 dBm CW @ 20 mA (per diode) @ +85°C.

### Handling Procedures

Please observe the following precautions to avoid damage:

#### Static Sensitivity

These electronic devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and can be damaged by static electricity. Proper ESD control techniques should be used when handling these HBM class 1A devices.

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For further information and support please visit: [https://www.macom.com/support](https://www.macom.com/support)
Typical Small Signal Performance @ +25°C (Probed On-Wafer RF Test)

**Insertion Loss (20 mA Bias)**

![Graph showing S21 (dB) vs Frequency (GHz)]

**Isolation (20 mA Bias)**

![Graph showing S21 (dB) vs Frequency (GHz)]

**Input Return Loss (20 mA Bias)**

![Graph showing S11 (dB) vs Frequency (GHz)]

**Maximum Input Power**

![Graph showing Insertion Loss (dB) vs Input Power (W)]

2 GHz, 6.7 W
10 GHz, 3.5 W
20 GHz, 2.0 W

For further information and support please visit: [https://www.macom.com/support](https://www.macom.com/support)
Operation of the MASW-002103-1363 PIN Switch

Optimal operation of the MASW-002103-1363 is achieved by simultaneous application of negative DC voltage and current to the low loss switching arm and positive DC voltage and current to the remaining switching arm as shown in the circuit diagram below. DC return is achieved via R2 on the RFC path. In the low loss state, the series diode must be forward biased with current and the shunt diode reverse biased with voltage. In the isolated arm, the shunt diode is forward biased with current and the series diode is reverse biased with voltage.

Typical Bias Network

Example:

J1 to J2 → Low Loss
R1 = 250 Ω
R2 = 450 Ω
B2 = -15 V
B3 = +6 V

Notes:
6. Assume Vf ~ 1 V @ 20 mA
7. R1 = 5 V / 0.02 A = 250 Ω; R2 = 9 V / 0.02 A = 450 Ω
8. \( P_{R1} = 0.02 \text{ A} \times 0.02 \text{ A} \times 250 = 0.1 \text{ W} \)
9. \( P_{R2} = 0.02 \text{ A} \times 0.02 \text{ A} \times 450 = 0.18 \text{ W} \)
10. Inductors shown in the above schematic are RF bias chokes. The operating bandwidth of a broad-band PIN diode switch is often dependent on the bias components, particularly the RF bias chokes. It is suggested that the response at the frequencies of interest be measured with all the bias components in place prior to installing of MASW-002103-1363.

Typical Driver Connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DC Control Current (mA)</th>
<th>RF Output States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td>B3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-15 V @ -20 mA(^{11})</td>
<td>+6 V @ +20 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+6 V @ +20 mA</td>
<td>-15 V @ 20 mA(^{11})</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{11}\) The voltage applied to the off arm is allowed to vary provided a constant current is applied through the shunt diode on the off arm.
12. Bottom view shows the back metal footprint and mounting pads.
13. All dimensions are +/-0.5 μm.
14. The center pad shown on the chip bottom view must be connected to RF and DC ground.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DIM</th>
<th>Inches</th>
<th>mm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>Max.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min.</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td>Min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width</td>
<td>0.060</td>
<td>0.062</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length</td>
<td>0.087</td>
<td>0.089</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thickness</td>
<td>0.004</td>
<td>0.006</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Sample Board
Samples test boards are available upon request

Handling Procedures
Attachment to a circuit board is made simple through the use of standard surface mount technology. Mounting pads are conveniently located on the bottom of the chip and are removed from the active junction locations making it well suited for solder attachment. Connections may be made onto hard or soft substrates via the use of 80Au/20Sn, or RoHS compliant solders. Typical re-flow profiles for provided in Application Note M538, "Surface Mounting Instructions" and can viewed in the Customer Support, Technical Resources section of the MACOM website at www.macom.com.

For applications where the average power is ≤ 1 W, a thermally conductive silver epoxy may also be used. Cure per manufacturers recommended time and temperature. Typically 1 hour at 150°C.

When soldering these devices to a hard substrate, a solder re-flow method is preferred. A vacuum pick up tool with a soft tip is recommended while placing the chip. When soldering to soft substrates, such as Duroid, a soft solder is recommended at the circuit board to chip mounting pad interface to minimize stress due to any TCE mismatches that may exist. Position the die so that its mounting pads are aligned with the circuit board land pads. Solder reflow should not be performed by causing heat to flow through the top surface of the die to the back. Since the HMIC glass is transparent, the edges of the mounting pads can be visually inspected through the die after attachment is completed.
Pocket Tape Dimensions

Chip Orientation in Pocket
Silicon SPDT Surface Mount HMIC PIN Diode Switch
50 MHz - 20 GHz

Reel Information

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Demonstration Board Switch with Bias Networks (MASW-002103-002SMB)

This board demonstrates the use and performance of the MASW-002103 surface mount switch with a MABT-011000 surface mount bias network on each RF line. It is set up with the option to measure the devices with SMA connectors or to probe the devices directly at the RF ports (Indicates Actual Performance). The MABT-011000 alone can be probed directly as well. There are calibration THRU lines included for each measurement.

15. The microstrip RF lines used to measure the devices with SMA connectors are only good up to 15 GHz. Actual performance is indicated by “Probed” data shown.
16. 450 μm pitch GSG RF Probes.

Recommended Bias Set-Up

**Typical Driver Connections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DC Control Current (mA)</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B2</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>-15 V @ -20 mA</td>
<td>+6 V @ +20 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+6 V @ +20 mA</td>
<td>-15 V @ 20 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17. B1, B2, and B3 refer to SMA connectorized section bias pins while PB1, PB2, and PB3 refer to probed section bias pins.
18. Resistors not included on demonstration board.
19. The voltage applied to the off arm is allowed to vary provided a constant current is applied through the shunt diode on the off arm.

Included parts

1. LCP printed circuit board (4 mil thick RO3850)
2. 1 support plate
3. 5 Southwest 292-07A-5 SMA end launch connectors
4. 2 MASW-002103 switches
5. 7 MABT-011000 bias networks
6. 1 Molex 6-Pin header
7. 2 Molex single pin right angle headers

Visit [www.macom.com](http://www.macom.com) for additional data sheets and product information.
Performance Curves
Demonstration Board Switch with Bias Networks (MASW-002103-002SMB)

**Insertion Loss (20 mA Bias)**

-2.0
-1.5
-1.0
-0.5
0.0

-2.0
-1.5
-1.0
-0.5
0.0

0 5 10 15 20 25

**Isolation (20 mA Bias)**

-70
-60
-50
-40
-30
-20

-70
-60
-50
-40
-30
-20

0 5 10 15 20 25

**Input Return Loss (20 mA Bias)**

-40
-30
-20
-10
0

-40
-30
-20
-10
0

0 5 10 15 20 25

For further information and support please visit:
https://www.macom.com/support