MAAD-009195

Constant Phase Digital Attenuator
15.5 dB, 5-Bit, TTL Driver, DC - 3.0 GHz

Rev. V2

Features

- Attenuation: 0.5 dB steps to 15.5 dB
- Minimal Phase Variation over Attenuation Range
- Low DC Power Consumption
- Hermetic Surface Mount Package
- Integral TTL Driver
- 50 Ohm Nominal Impedance
- 260°C Reflow Compatible
- RoHS* Compliant

Description

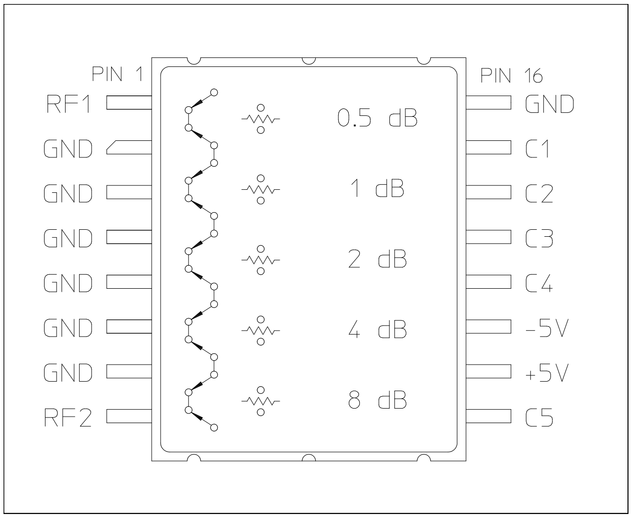
MACOM's MAAD-009195-000100 is a GaAs FET 5-bit digital attenuator with a 0.5 dB minimum step size and 15.5 dB total attenuation. The design has been optimized to minimize phase variation over the attenuation range. This attenuator and integral TTL driver is in a hermetically sealed ceramic 16-lead surface mount package. The MAAD-009195-000100 is ideally suited for use where accuracy, fast switching, very low power consumption and low intermodulation products are required. Typical applications include dynamic range setting in precision receiver circuits and other gain / leveling control circuits. Environmental screening is available. Contact the factory for information.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Package
MAAD-009195-000100	Bulk Packaging
MAAD-009195-0001TB	Sample Test Board

Note: Reference Application Note M513 for reel size information.

Functional Schematic



Pin Configuration [1]

Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	RF1	9	C5
2	GND	10	+5V
3	GND	11	-5V
4	GND	12	C4
5	GND	13	C3
6	GND	14	C2
7	GND	15	C1
8	RF2	16	GND

1. The metal bottom of the case must be connected to RF and DC ground.

* Restrictions on Hazardous Substances, European Union Directive 2002/95/EC.

Electrical Specifications: T_A = 25°C, Z_0 = 50Ω, V_{CC} = +5.0V, V_{EE} = -5.0V

Parameter	Test Conditions	Frequency	Units	Min	Typ	Max
Operating Power [2]	—	—	dBm	—	—	+20
Reference Insertion Loss	—	DC - 1.0 GHz DC - 2.0 GHz DC - 3.0 GHz	dB dB dB	— — —	— — —	4.0 5.0 5.3
Attenuation Accuracy [3]	Any Single Bit Any Combination of Bits	DC - 3.0 GHz DC - 3.0 GHz	± (0.2 + 2% of attenuation setting in dB) dB ± (0.2 + 2% of attenuation setting in dB) dB			
Phase Accuracy Relative to Reference Loss State	Any Single Bit Any Single Bit Any Combination of Bits Any Combination of Bits Any Combination of Bits	DC - 2.0 GHz 2.0 - 3.0 GHz DC - 1.0 GHz 1.0 - 2.0 GHz 2.0 - 3.0 GHz	deg deg deg deg deg		± 3 ± 4 ± 3 ± 4 ± 7	
VSWR	—	DC - 3.0 GHz	Ratio	—	—	1.8:1
Switching Speed Ton Toff Trise Tfall	 1.3 V Cntl to 90% RF 1.3 V Cntl to 10% RF 10% RF to 90% RF 90% RF to 10% RF	 — — — —	 ns ns ns ns	 — — — —	 47 24 23 13	 — — — —
1 dB Compression [4]	Reference State Reference State	0.05 GHz 0.5 - 3.0 GHz	dBm dBm	— —	>+26 >+26	— —
Input IP3	For two-tone Input Power up to +5 dBm	0.05 GHz 0.5 - 3.0 GHz	dBm dBm	— —	+43 +40	— —
Input IP2	For two-tone Input Power up to +5 dBm	0.05 GHz 0.5 - 3.0 GHz	dBm dBm	— —	+50 +72	— —
Vcc Vee	— —	— —	V V	4.5 -8.0	5.0 -5.0	5.5 -4.5
V_{IL} V_{IH}	LOW-level input voltage HIGH-level input voltage	— —	V V	0.0 2.0	0.0 5.0	0.8 5.0
Iin (Input Leakage Current)	Vin = V_{CC} or GND	—	uA	-1	—	1
Icc (Quiescent Supply Current)	Vcntrl = V_{CC} or GND	—	uA	—	250	400
ΔIcc (Additional Supply Current Per TTL Input Pin)	V_{CC} = Max Vcntrl = V_{CC} - 2.1 V	—	mA	—	—	1.5
Iee	V_{EE} min to max Vin = V_{IL} or V_{IH}	—	mA	-1.0	-0.2	—
Thermal Resistance θjc	—	—	°C/W	—	50	—

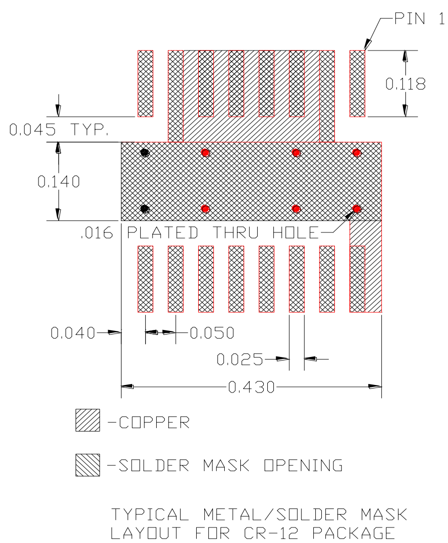
2. Maximum input power is specified with power applied to RF1. If power is applied to RF2, then maximum operating power is +16 dBm.
3. This attenuator is guaranteed monotonic.
4. 1 dB Compression was measured up to +26 dBm, which is the absolute maximum rating for this device.

Absolute Maximum Ratings [5,6]

Parameter	Absolute Maximum
Max Input Power [7] DC - 3.0 GHz	+26 dBm
V_{CC}	$-0.5V \le V_{CC} \le +7.0V$
V_{EE}	$-8.5V \le V_{EE} \le +0.5V$
V_{CC} - V_{EE}	$-0.5V \le V_{CC} - V_{EE} \le 14.5V$
Vin [8]	$-0.5V \le Vin \le V_{CC} + 0.5V$
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C

5. Exceeding any one or combination of these limits may cause permanent damage to this device.
6. M/A-COM does not recommend sustained operation near these survivability limits.
7. Maximum input power is specified with power applied to RF1. If power is applied to RF2, then maximum input power is +22 dBm.
8. Standard CMOS TTL interface, latch-up will occur if logic signal is applied prior to power supply.

Recommended PCB Configuration



Handling Procedures

Please observe the following precautions to avoid damage:

Static Sensitivity

Gallium Arsenide Integrated Circuits are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and can be damaged by static electricity. Proper ESD control techniques should be used when handling these devices.

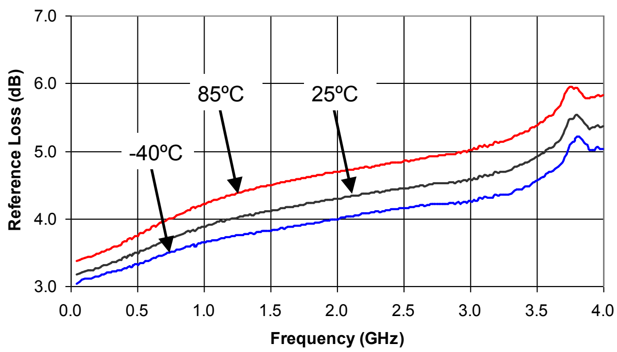
Truth Table (Digital Attenuator)

Control Inputs					
C5	**C4**	**C3**	**C2**	**C1**	**Attenuation**
0	0	0	0	0	Reference
0	0	0	0	1	0.5 dB
0	0	0	1	0	1 dB
0	0	1	0	0	2 dB
0	1	0	0	0	4 dB
1	0	0	0	0	8 dB
1	1	1	1	1	31 dB

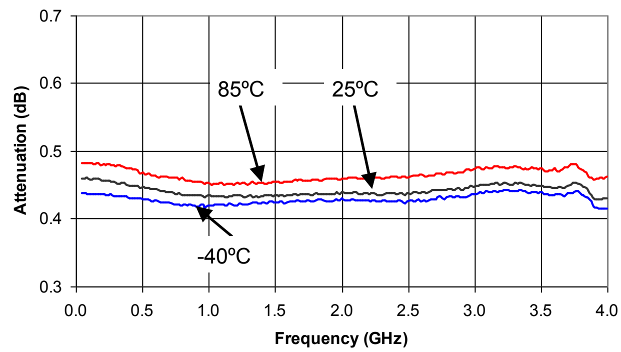
0 = TTL Low; 1 = TTL High

Typical Performance Curves

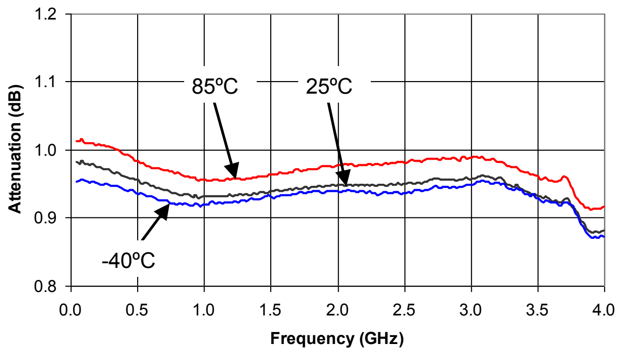
Reference Loss vs. Frequency



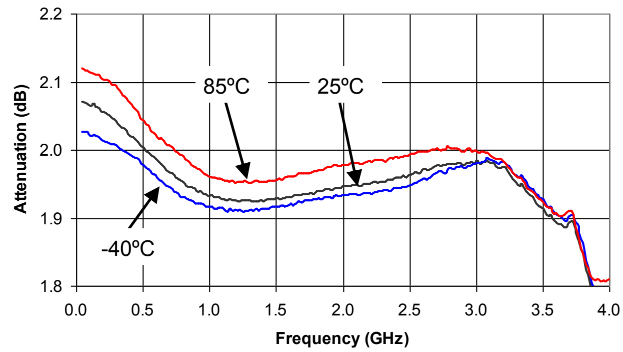
Attenuation - 0.5 dB Bit vs. Frequency



Attenuation - 1 dB Bit vs. Frequency

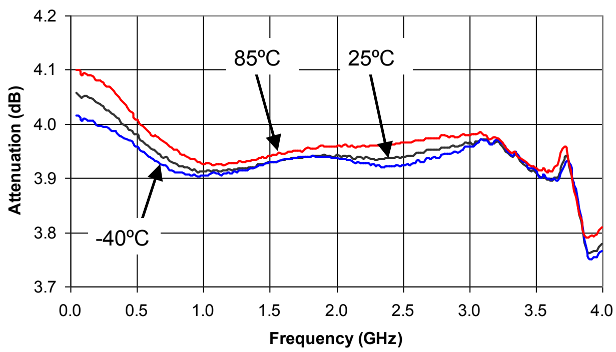


Attenuation - 2 dB Bit vs. Frequency

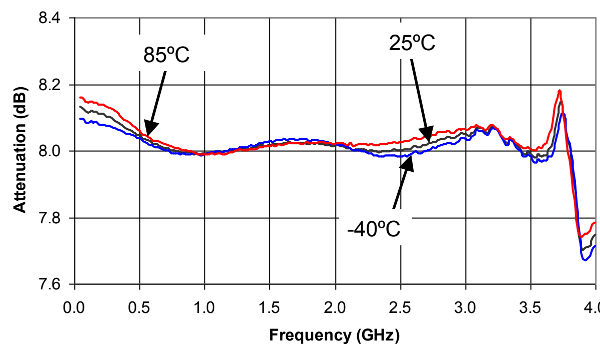


Typical Performance Curves

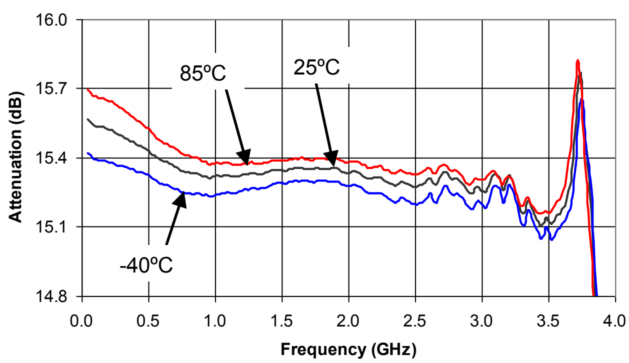
Attenuation - 4 dB Bit vs. Frequency



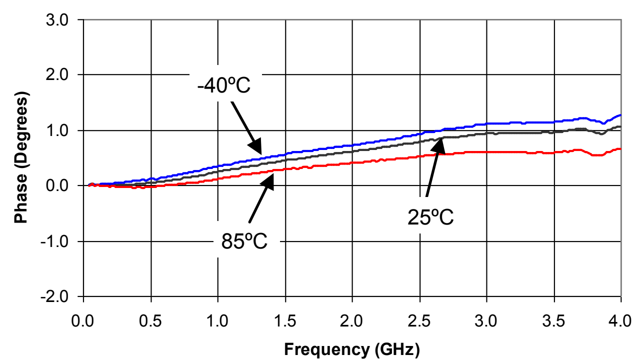
Attenuation - 8 dB Bit vs. Frequency



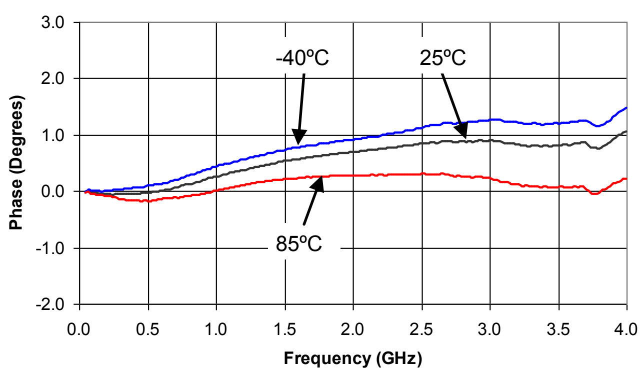
Attenuation - 15.5 dB Attenuation vs. Frequency



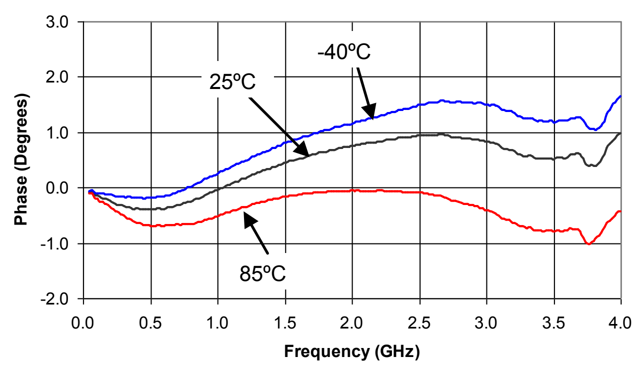
Phase - 0.5 dB Bit vs. Frequency
Relative to Reference Loss State



Phase - 1 dB Bit vs. Frequency
Relative to Reference Loss State



Phase - 2 dB Bit vs. Frequency
Relative to Reference Loss State

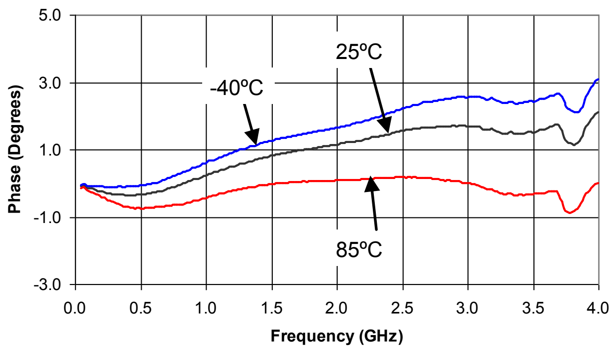


Constant Phase Digital Attenuator
15.5 dB, 5-Bit, TTL Driver, DC - 3.0 GHz

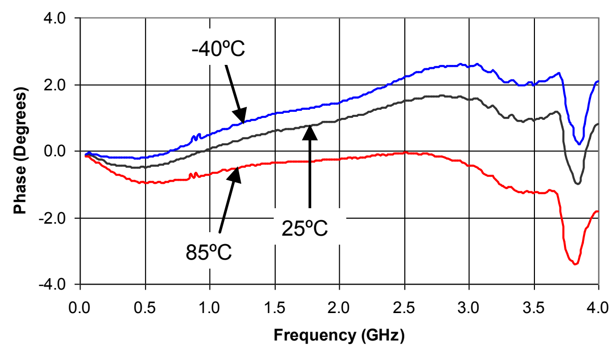
Rev. V2

Typical Performance Curves

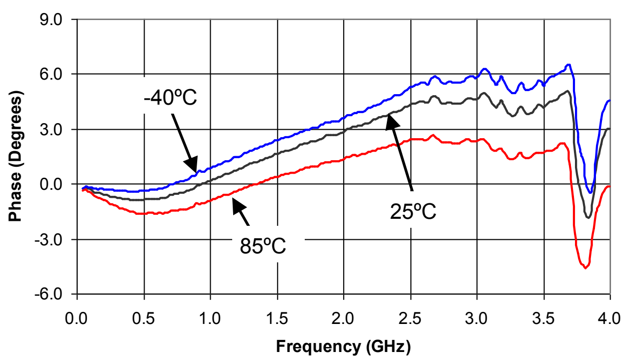
Phase - 4 dB Bit vs. Frequency
Relative to Reference Loss State



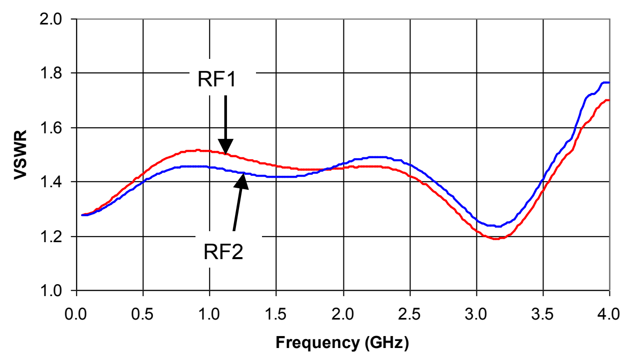
Phase - 8 dB Bit vs. Frequency
Relative to Reference Loss State



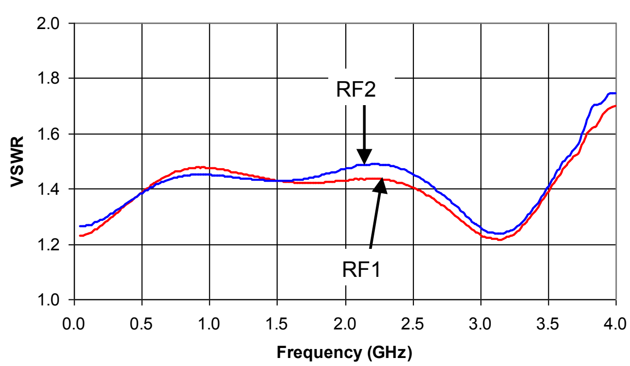
Phase - 15.5 dB Attenuation vs. Frequency
Relative to Reference Loss State



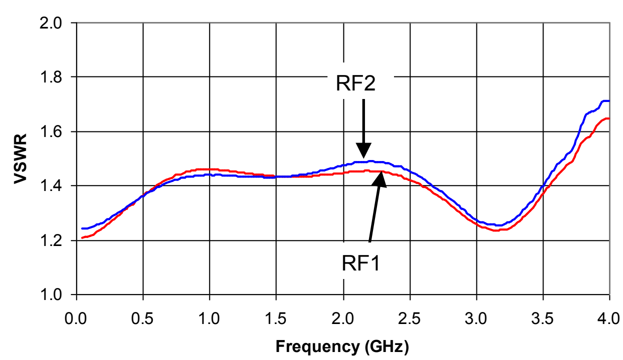
VSWR - Reference Loss State vs. Frequency



VSWR - 0.5 dB Bit vs. Frequency

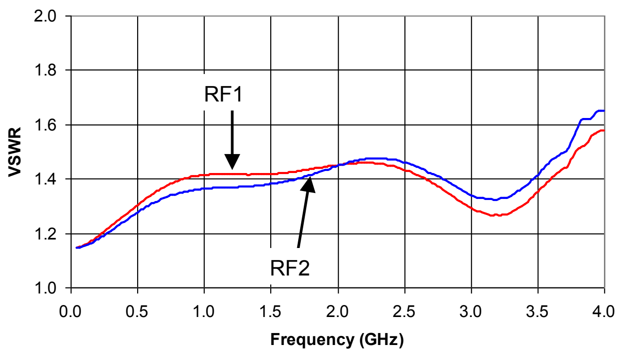


VSWR - 1 dB Bit vs. Frequency

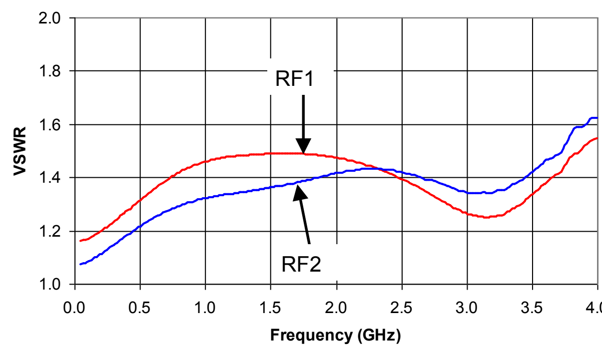


Typical Performance Curves

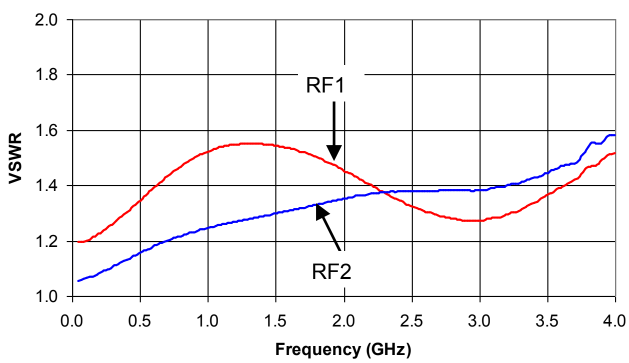
VSWR - 2 dB Bit vs. Frequency



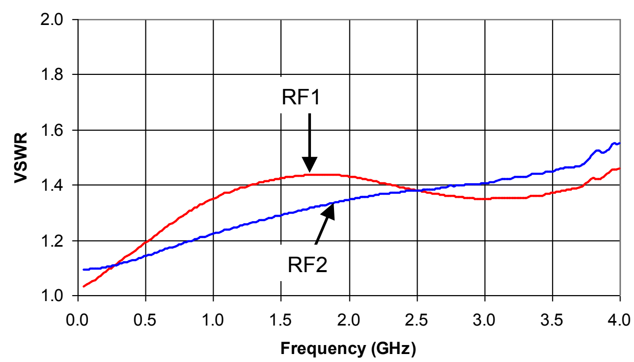
VSWR - 4 dB Bit vs. Frequency



VSWR - 8 dB Bit vs. Frequency



VSWR - 15.5 dB Attenuation vs. Frequency

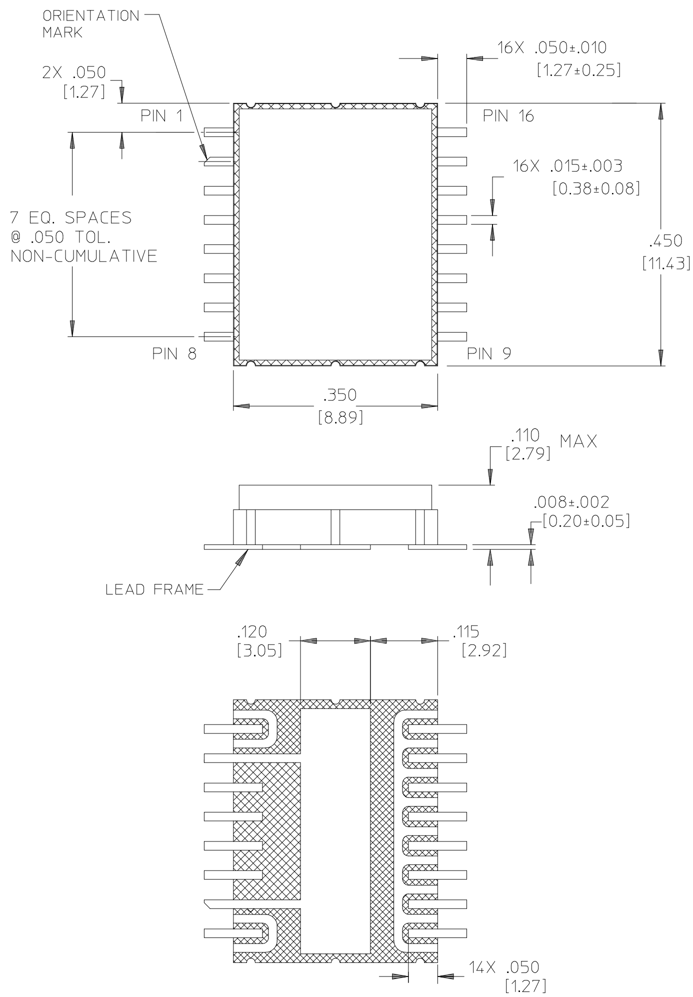


Typical Input IP2 and IP3 at Room Temperature [9]

Attenuation	IP2			IP3			Units
	50 MHz	500 MHz	2 GHz	50 MHz	500 MHz	2 GHz	
Reference State	50	72	73	43	40	44	dBm
0.5 dB	51	73	74	43	41	44	dBm
1 dB	51	73	75	43	41	44	dBm
2 dB	51	73	74	43	41	45	dBm
4 dB	51	73	74	43	41	45	dBm
8 dB	50	71	75	41	43	41	dBm
15.5 dB	53	74	79	43	42	44	dBm

9. IP2 and IP3 are measured with two-tone inputs F1 and F2 up to +5 dBm with 1 MHz spacing.

Lead-Free, CR-12 Ceramic Package†



Dimensions in [] are in mm
Unless Otherwise Noted: .XXX = ±0.010 [.XX = ±0.25]
BOTTOM OF CASE IS AC GROUND

† Reference Application Note M538 for lead-free solder reflow recommendations.